



Laundering and Care

1. This belt can be hand washed in cold or lukewarm water with mild soap or detergent and air dried
2. Do not use any substance containing Chlorine

Warning

1. Carefully read this application instruction and warning prior to fitting belts, failure to properly position the belt and fasten each strap will compromise performance and support.
2. This belt will Not prevent or reduce all injuries. Proper rehabilitation and activity modification are essential while wearing the belt.
3. Federal Law restricts the sale of this Device to anyone other than a Licensed Health Care Provider.

Caution

1. Single patient use only
2. Do not over-tighten closures
3. If irritation, pain or discomfort occurs while wearing this belt, discontinue use and immediately consult your medical professional.

EUROPEAN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE



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Council Directive
93/42/EEC of
14 June 1993
concerning Medical Device

MANUFACTURED BY

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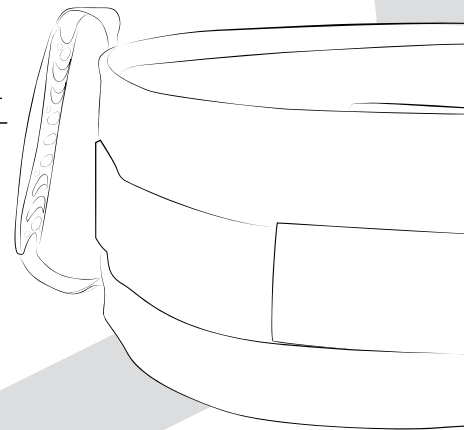
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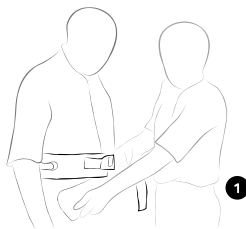
DICARRE
Dicarre Safety or
Transfer Belt

DM09
User Guide
Application Instruction



Positioning

Position the Dicarre Safety or Transfer Belt low on the individual waist. Tighten the Belt by feeding the wrist strap through the D-ring to secure (fig. 1). Remember, that an individual's girth is greater when sitting. It is important that the Belt is comfortably tight. To remove the Belt, detach the velcro closure of the wrist strap.



Helping an individual to stand or sit

There are many different ways to use the Dicarre Safety or Transfer Belt to assist an individual to stand or sit. Think of the direction of the transfer and follow the body's natural movement pattern (fig. 2 - 6). Either the individual, caregiver or both can wear an Dicarre Safety or Transfer Belt.



Helping an individual up from the floor

The Belt is extremely useful in helping someone up from the floor. Remember, do not lift straight upward, but follow a natural movement pattern. The individual is then able to gain additional support from leaning against the bed or gripping onto a chair (fig. 7).

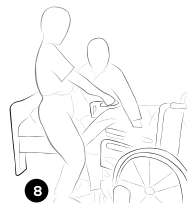


Transfer between bed and wheelchair

The Belt is of considerable help in performing transfers from a bed to a wheelchair. The individual can be either standing or sitting (fig. 8).

Transfer between a wheelchair and a car

For transfers into a car, a transfer board can be used in combination with a Belt (fig. 9). Make sure that the individual does not end up sitting between the wheelchair and the car seat. In the case of a passive individual, a transfer sling may also be used by placing it underneath the buttock area of the individual. Using this technique, it makes the transfer easier for the individual and puts less strain on the caregiver.



Help during toileting

When an individual needs to use the toilet, it is important to plan ahead and keep the safety of both the individual and caregiver in mind (fig. 10). If there is not enough space in the bathroom, it is advisable to use a commode outside of the bathroom. If the patient is heavy, two caregivers may be needed (fig. 11).

Support when walking

When supporting someone who is ambulatory, it is important to keep on arm around the patient for protection (fig. 12). Always hold the individual close to you. This enables the caregiver to react more quickly if the individual needs help and reduces the amount of strain on the caregiver. The Dicarre Safety or Transfer Belt, with its multiple handles, provides good grips and a comfortable way of supporting the individual.



Protecting an individual who is unstable when walking

When there is a risk that an individual could fall while walking, it is important to hold the individual close to the caregiver in order to prevent the individual from slipping down. If this does occur, let the individual slide down along the outside of the caregivers leg (fig. 13).